Ions and Ion Notation

Atoms

There are two categories of atoms: neutral atoms and ions.

Neutral Atoms

$$p - e = 0$$
 OR $p = e$

Most atoms are neutral (having no charge) in their natural state. They are neutral because the have the same number of protons and electrons. Being neutral they do not attract other atoms.

Ex. 6 protons and 6 electrons. Charge: 6— 6 = 0, so *neutral*. 6 protons = C (Carbon), Ion Notation: C (Technically, this isn't "ion notation" because it isn't an ion.) Ions

$$p - e \neq 0$$
 OR $p \neq e$

Ions are atoms that have gained or lost electrons.

Ions do not have the same number of protons and electrons. Because ions have a charge they will attract atoms of the opposite charge (opposites attract).

Cations:

+ ions (metals)
$$p - e > 0$$
 OR $p > e$

Cations are atoms that have <u>lost</u> electrons. Cations are positive. (Cations <u>c</u>ough up electrons.)
Cations attract anions.

Ex. 4 protons and 2 electrons. Charge: 4-2=2>0, so *cation*. 4 protons = Be (Beryllium), Ion Notation: Be²⁺ Anions:

- ions (nonmetals)

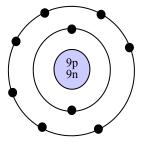
$$p - e < 0$$
 OR $p < e$

Anions are atoms that have <u>gained</u> electrons. Anions are negative.

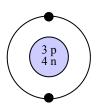
(Anions <u>accept electrons.</u>)

Anions attract cations.

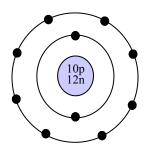
Ex. 9 protons and 10 electrons. Charge: 9—10 = -1 < 0, so *anion*. 9 protons = F (Fluorine), Ion Notation: F^{1-}



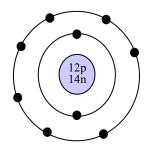
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Balanced Ionic Compounds

When you are asked to balance or make ionic compounds you are being asked to find the chemical formula for the ionic compounds. Remember: opposites attract; neutrals don't.

A balance ionic compound is neutral.

The cation and anion charges must equal zero.

Li 1+

Way 1

$$1 \quad Li^{1+} \quad O \stackrel{\text{2-}}{\overset{\text{Write the chemical symbols with the oxidation numbers.}}}$$

$$2 \text{ Li}_{2}^{1+} Q_{1}^{2-}$$

Cross the numbers not the signs.

Reduce numbers or drop ones and put the symbols together.

You know it is a balanced compound because 2(1) + 1(-2) = 0. Balanced ionic compounds have a neutral charge.

Way 2

$$1. \ Mg^{2+} \ Cl^{1-} \ \ {\rm Write \ the \ chemical \ symbols \ with \ the \ oxidation \ numbers.}}$$

2.
$$Mg^{2+}Cl^{1-}Cl^{1-}$$

$$3.\ MgCl_2\ \ {\stackrel{\ \, Add\ up\ the\ ions\ and\ }{\stackrel{\ \, write\ the\ compound\ }{as\ a\ formula.}}$$

Again, you know it is a balanced compound because 1(2) + 2(-1) = 0. Balanced ionic compounds have a neutral charge.